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Harnessing benefits for health and wellbeing in cities from exposure to blue and green spaces



How does Urban Planning affect health?

Physical factors Links Associated health issues (some examples) Road severance Lack of opportunity for informal Lack of facilities in Mental wellbeing interaction in the neighbourhood (shops, community places to go) Isolation · Lack of local informal Air-polluted local recreational opportunities walking (allotments, play parks) Respiratory disease environments · Unattractive, poorly designed Fuel poverty pedestrian routes (road traffic dominated routes) Lack of regular · Poor insulation, waste of solar exercise Heart disease and insolation Food deserts, poor Obesity issues Lack of opportunity for food diet growing

WHO Collaborating Centre for Healthy Cities and Urban Policy





INHERIT AIMS

MODIFYING:

- Lifestyles
- Behaviours

AIMING FOR A "TRIPLE WIN":



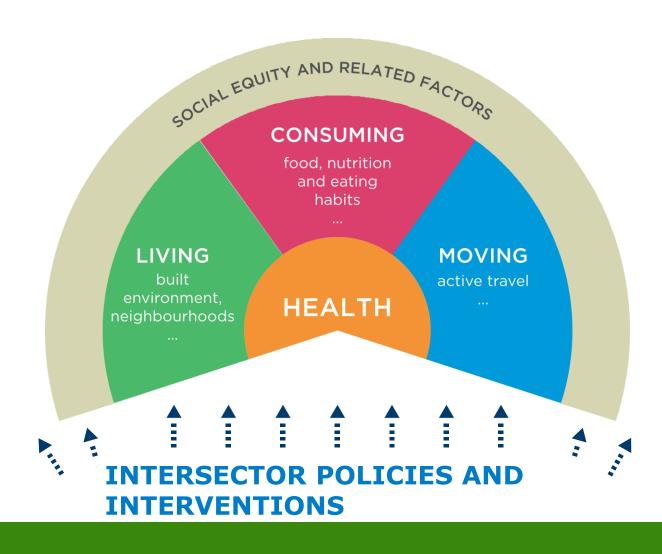
Health

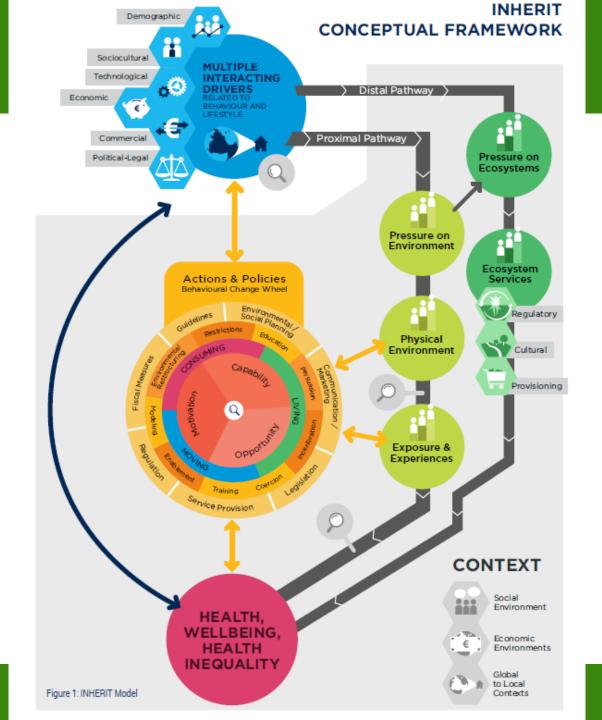


Equity



Environment









Baseline review: green space

Current situation:

- ✓ Quantity and quality of green space in Europe under pressure
- ✓ Less connection with nature
- ✓ Interest nature based solutions

Potential 'triple win':

- ✓ Climate change mitigation
- ✓ Positive effects mental and physical health
- ✓ Potentially impact noise, air pollution
- ✓ Negative impact: increased risk vector-borne diseases, allergies
- ✓ Positive impacts on lower SES, children, older people







How to stimulate use of green space

Capability:

provide education & information, organise activities in green space

Opportunity:

provide green space that is attractive, safe, easily accessible, within (perceived) walking distance

Motivation:

involve community, make it fun



Promising practice: Green gyms, for every £1 invested in Green Gyms, £2.55 will be saved in treating physical inactivity related illness.



Furthermore...

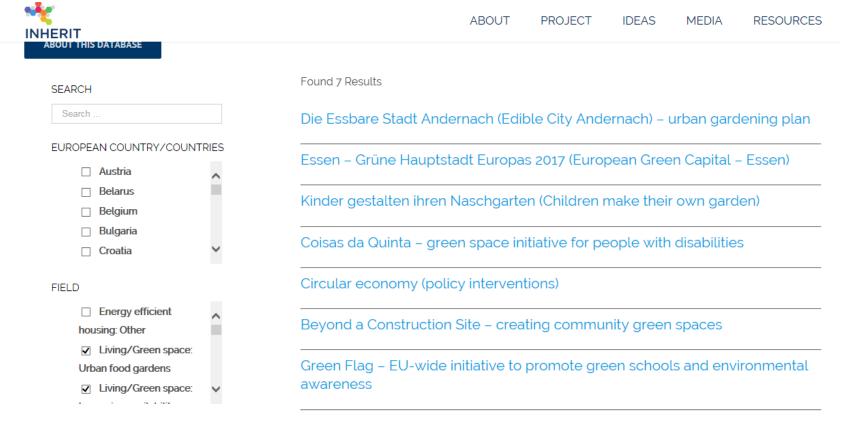
- ✓ combine provision of greenspace & activities
- ✓ involve potential users in design of green space
- ✓ many inspiring policies and interventions: only a few evaluated
- ✓ interventions often focused on one dimension (environment, health
 or equity), but potential to be beneficial in more respects







INHERIT database



Green Gyms

Brief Description

The Conservation Volunteers (TCV) created and runs Green Gyms® across the UK. The aims of Green Gyms are to improve health and the environment at the same time. Objectives are to improve health and wellbeing - by increasing or maintaining fitness, reducing isolation and supporting better mental wellbeing, and increase employability - by increasing knowledge, skills and confidence.

Green Gyms are free outdoor sessions where people are guided in practical activities such as planting trees, sowing meadows and establishing wildlife ponds. Unlike other conservation projects, the emphasis is very much on health and fitness - volunteers warm up and cool down in preparation for a range of light to vigorous activities to suit all abilities.

Green Gyms are a weekly activity, running for 3-4 hours at a local community facility such as a park, usually in the day time on a weekday. Each Green Gym has up to 50-60 volunteers, with turnout on any one week typically ranging from six to 20.

Green Gyms are available to everyone, people can just turn up and join in. GPs now prescribe Green Gym® sessions to patients to encourage them to improve their health and wellbeing. By taking part, participants are encouraged to make positive changes to their lifestyle, such as walking and cycling more.

Target Group

General population, Those who have been recommended to join by their doctors

Evaluation

Yes

Level

Local National

Download file

INHERIT Perspective

Green gyms help to improve health, social inclusion and the environment at the same time. They enable participants to increase or maintain fitness, help reduce isolation and support better mental wellbeing, and increase employability - by increasing knowledge skills and confidence. Green gyms are available to any person in the community, but benefits are greater for those with poorer health They improve the environmental state in local areas, and influence individual exposure and experience through participation in physica activities that improve aspects of the local environment.

Detailed description PDF filename

Relevant links

Contact

greengym@tcv.org.uk

http://www.tcv.org.uk/greengym

Current understanding

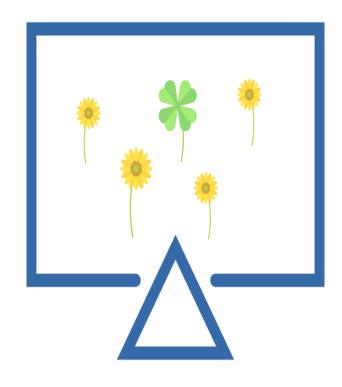


What research has already been done?

We know that **greenspace** is **good** for health and wellbeing.

(Alcock 2013; Mackerron, 2013; White 2013; Wheeler 2015; Weimann 2015)

Including virtual reality green spaces
(Depledge 2011; Knight 2012; Stone 2014)



Current understanding



Where are the gaps?

- Much less is known about the effects of blue space on health
- And **urban blue infrastructure** in particular.
- Could this be a resource to tackle 21st
 Century challenges?
- Systematic review Bluehealth: Consistent evidence of positive associations between blue space exposure and mental health and physical activity



BlueHealth aims



What are we trying to achieve?

 Shed light on how blue spaces affect health and wellbeing of people across the world.



 Understand how changes to urban blue infrastructure can be made in ways that benefit public health.



• Develop clinical applications of virtual reality blue spaces.



Community interventions/Case Studies



'Urban acupuncture'

- A series of small-scale interventions
- Based on boosting use of blue spaces
- Assessing impacts on physical and mental health
- Interact with local communities, stakeholders
- Projects are taking place across Europe



Future scenarios



Building in resilience

- Evaluating impact of changing climate, environment and socio-economics on urban blue areas and public health
- Looking forward to 2040
- Examining impacts of:
 - Flooding
 - Water quality
 - Urban heat islands





Main conclusions

- Combination of structural measures, aiming at changing driving forces and behavioural measures most effective
- Need to understand & address the socio-economic & demographic trends driving the current systems
- Adapting lifestyles into healthy, sustainable practices requires coherent action from policy makers (across sectors), private sector

and citizens: health in all policies

- Limited insight in effects and related costs & benefits of urban interventions as yet
- More longitudinal studies and natural experiments are needed to better understand issues of causality

INHERIT and BLUEHEALTH will provide more insight

THANK YOU!





RESERVE, in CASE of QUESTIONS

INHERIT Process



BASELINE REVIEW ANALYSIS

COMMON 50
ANALYTICAL PROMISING
FRAMEWORK PRACTICES

VISIONING AND FUTURE SCENARIOS

12 PILOT PROJECTS

IMPACT ASSESSMENT POLICY KIT



INHERIT Partners





















Health Education



















Workpackages



What will we do?









Reviewing and Creating the Evidence



Pan-European survey



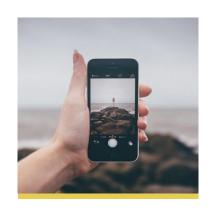
Community

interventions

Translating the

evidence

Virtual realities



Innovation and engagement

Landscape & urban planning



BlueHealth



An international multi-partner project



















