

# Roadmap to implement the 2030 Agenda for Sustainable Development, building on Health 2020, the European policy for health and well-being

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# HEALTH 2020



Qualitative  
concepts

Equity

Resilience

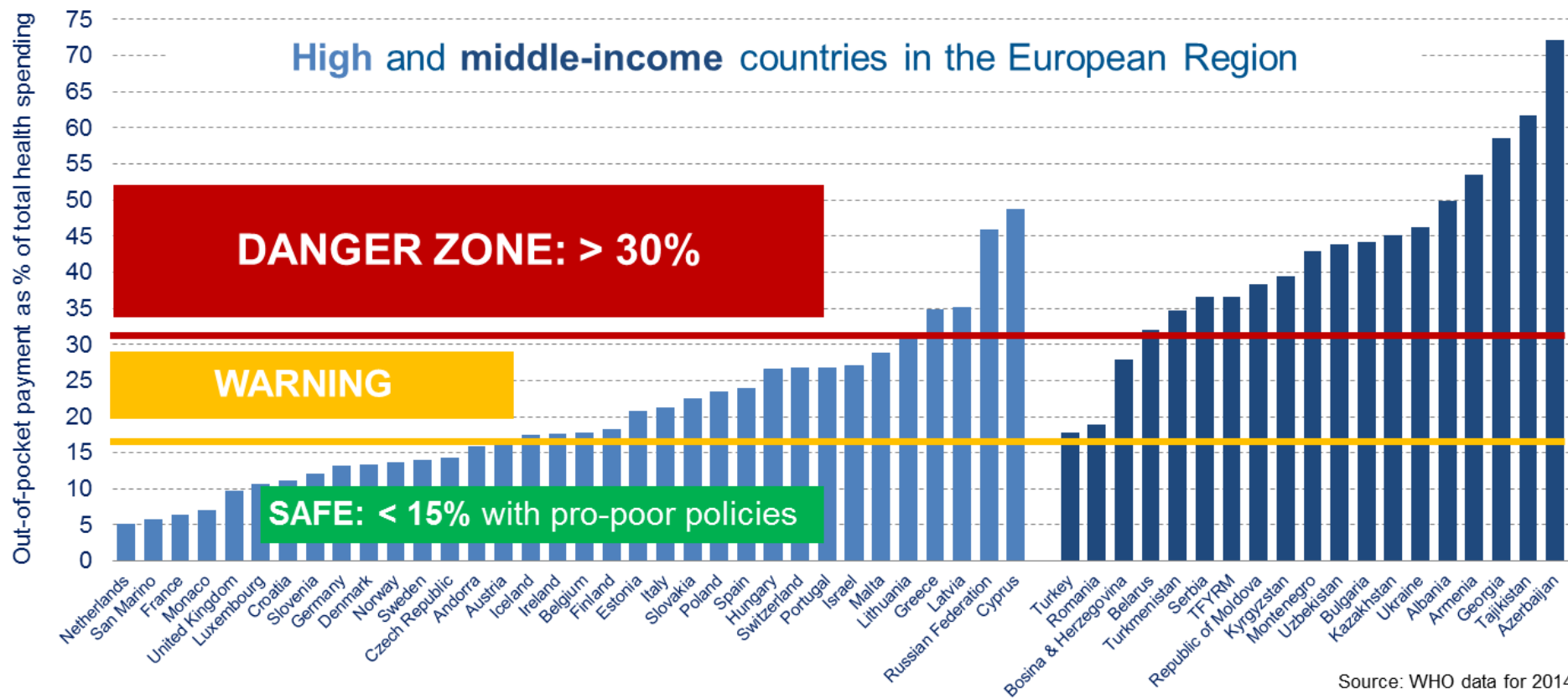
Empowerment

Well-being

# Health 2020 and the Sustainable Development Goals are aligned



# Out-of-pocket payment share of total health spending high in many countries



# Five interdependent strategic directions



**Advancing governance and leadership for health and well-being**



**Leaving no one behind**



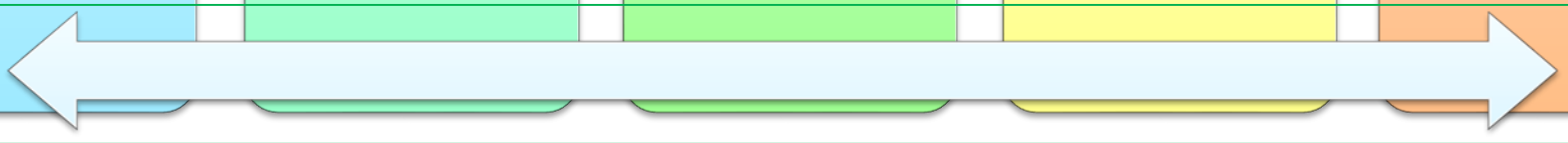
**Preventing disease and addressing health determinants by promoting multi- and intersectoral policies throughout the life-course**



**Establishing healthy places, settings and resilient communities**



**Strengthening health systems for universal health coverage**



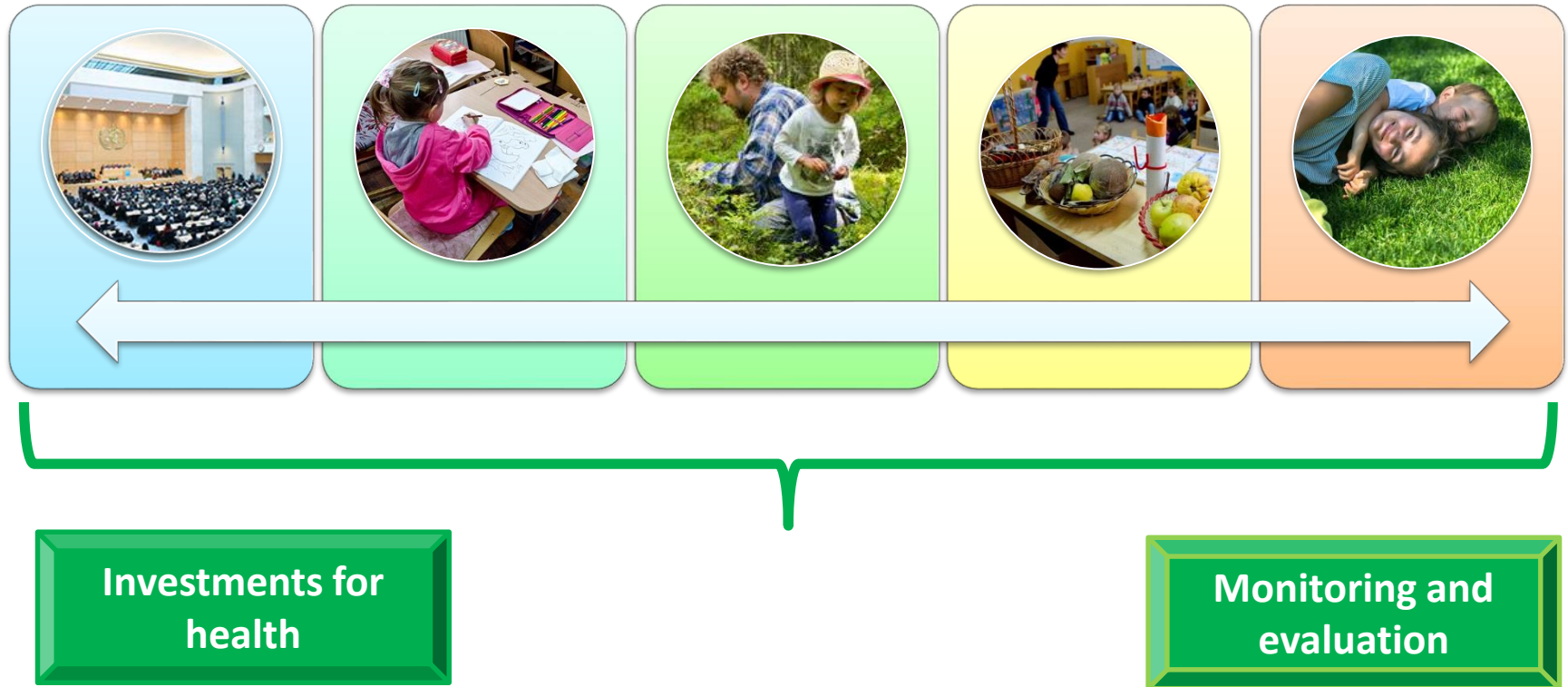
# Scaling up action on women's health and well-being for achieving the SDGs



# A strategy for men's health and well-being under development



# Four enablers





# Support by the WHO

- Working with each country
- Technical support to countries
- UN coordination
- Strengthened partnerships
- Monitoring and reporting



Sustainable Development Goals



Initial mapping of World Health Assembly and Regional Committee resolutions, strategies and action plans



SDG target 3.8: achieve universal health coverage, including financial risk protection, access to quality essential health care and access to safe, effective, quality and affordable essential medicines and vaccines for all.

SDG target 3.b: support the research and development of vaccines and medicines for the communicable and non-communicable diseases that primarily affect developing countries, provide access to affordable essential medicines and vaccines, in accordance with the Declaration on the Rights of Indigenous Peoples, which affirms the right of indigenous peoples to use in the full range of the Agreement on Trade-Related Aspects of Intellectual Property Rights flexibilities to protect public health, and, in particular, access to medicines for all.

Fact sheets on sustainable development goals: health targets

## Immunization Systems


Vaccines are universally considered as one of the most successful and cost-effective medical interventions ever introduced. Just between 2010 and 2015, more than 5 million deaths were averted annually by 4 vaccinations around the world (1). Vaccines are, therefore, a critical tool to reduce health inequality, ensure greatest possible protection of health and well-being, promote peaceful and inclusive societies and strengthen the means of implementation for the Sustainable Development Goals (SDGs) (1,2). Action is necessary in sectors and settings to ensure immunization systems are reaching every child or adult with the vaccination they deserve.

Overview

A strong immunization system is an integral part of a well-functioning health system (3). It includes:

- a strong political commitment to immunization and a strong community demand for vaccines;
- tailored immunization programmes according to the needs of the population;
- predictable and sustainable funding;
- strong and responsive immunization information systems;
- evidence-based decision-making on immunization; and
- a skilled, engaged and empowered health workforce in immunization programmes.

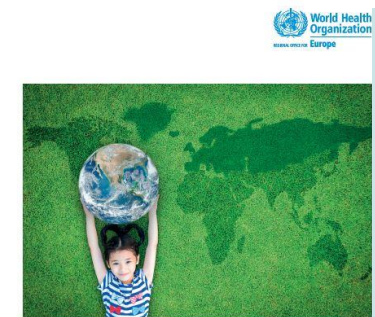
All of which are needed to deliver and scale-up new vaccines and to improve immunization coverage and




HEALTH EVIDENCE NETWORK SYNTHESIS REPORT 52

Key policies for addressing the social determinants of health and health inequities

Matthew Saunders | Ben Barr | Phil McHale | Christoph Hamelmann



Environmentally sustainable health systems: a strategic document



Core Health Indicators in the WHO European Region

# 2017

Special focus: 2030 Sustainable Development Agenda